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VOC EMISSION TEST REPORT

EMICODE

29 March 2021

1 Sample Information

| | |
|------------------|--------------------|
| Sample name | SL C910 XPRESS |
| Batch no. | FC20C42886 |
| Production date | 09/12/2020 |
| Product type | Levelling compound |
| Sample reception | 02/02/2021 |


2 Brief Evaluation of the Results

| Regulation or protocol | Conclusion | Version of regulation or protocol |
|------------------------|------------|-----------------------------------|
| EMICODE | EC 1 PLUS | April 2020 |

Full details based on the testing and direct comparison with limit values are available in the following pages
Regarding pass/fail decision rule please see appendix



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3 Applied Test Methods

3.1 General Test References

| Regulation, protocol or standard | Version | Reporting limit VOC [$\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$] | Calculation of TVOC | Combined uncertainty ^a [RSD(%)] |
|----------------------------------|-----------------------------|--|---------------------|--|
| EN 16516 | 2017 + A1:2020 | 5 | Toluene equivalents | 22% |
| ISO 16000 -3 -6 -9 -11 | 2006-2011 depending on part | 2 | Toluene equivalents | 22% |
| ASTM D5116-10 | 2010 | - | - | - |
| EMICODE | April 2020 | 5 | Toluene equivalents | 22% |

3.2 Specific Laboratory Sampling and Analyses

| Procedure | External Method | Internal SOP | Quantification limit / sampling volume | Analytical principle | Uncertainty ^a [RSD(%)] |
|--------------------------|---|--------------|--|-------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| Sample preparation | ISO 16000-11:2006, EN 16516:2017+A1:2020, AgBB:2018, EMICODE:2020 | 71M549810 | - | - | - |
| Emission chamber testing | ISO 16000-9:2006, EN 16516:2017+A1:2020 | 71M549811 | - | Chamber and air control | - |
| Sampling of VOC | ISO 16000-6:2011, EN 16516:2017+A1:2020 | 71M549812 | 5 L | Tenax TA | - |
| Analysis of VOC | ISO 16000-6:2011, EN 16516:2017+A1:2020 | 71M542808B | 1 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ | ATD-GC/MS | 10% |
| Sampling of aldehydes | ISO 16000-3:2011, EN 16516:2017+A1:2020 | 71M549812 | 35 L | DNPH | - |
| Analysis of aldehydes | ISO 16000-3:2011, EN 16516:2017+A1:2020 | 71M548400 | 3-6 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ | HPLC-UV | 10% |

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4 Test Parameters, Sample Preparation and Deviations

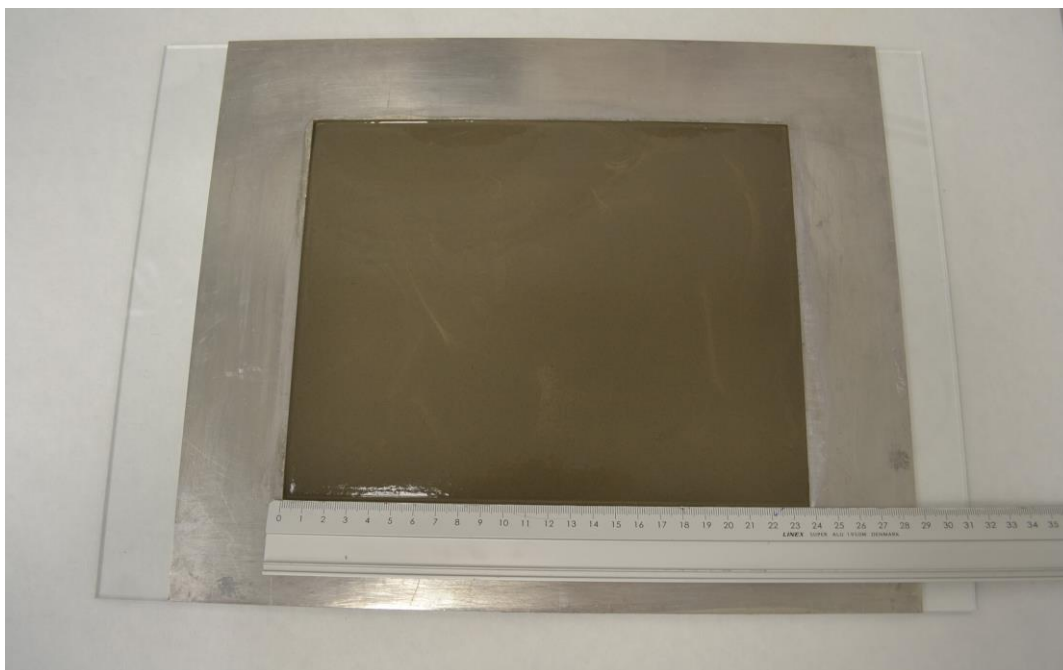
4.1 VOC Emission Chamber Test Parameters

| Parameter | Value | Parameter | Value |
|---|------------|---|-------------------------|
| Chamber volume, V[L] | 119 | Preconditioning period | - |
| Air Change rate, $n[h^{-1}]$ | 0.5 | Test period | 19/02/2021 - 19/03/2021 |
| Relative humidity of supply air, RH [%] | 50 ± 3 | Area specific ventilation rate, $q [m/h \text{ or } m^3/m^2/h]$ | 1.25 |
| Temperature of supply air, T [°C] | 23 ± 1 | Loading factor [m^2/m^3] | 0.4 |
| | | Test scenario | Flooring or ceiling |

4.2 Preparation of the Test Specimen

The sample was mixed homogeneously, 400 g material in 96 g water. A part of the mixture was spread onto a glass plate and drawn off over a model giving a 3 mm thick and uniform layer.

4.3 Picture of Sample



4.4 Deviations from Referenced Protocols and Regulations

No deviations from the referenced test methods were observed.

5 Results

5.1 VOC Emission Test Results after 3 Days

| | CAS No. | Retention time [min] | ID-Cat | Specific Conc. [µg/m³] | Toluene eq. [µg/m³] | Specific SER [µg/(m²·h)] | R _D |
|-----------------------------------|----------|-------------------------|--------|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| VOC with NIK/LCI | | | | | | | |
| 1-Methoxy-2-propanol * | 107-98-2 | 2.62 | 1 | 56 | 21 | 70 | 0.0071 |
| n-Heptane | 142-82-5 | 2.89 | 1 | < 5 | < 5 | < 7 | |
| VOC without NIK/LCI | | | | | | | |
| Not identified * | | 2.75 | 4 | < 5 | < 5 | < 7 | |
| Sum of VOC without NIK/LCI | | | | < 5 | < 5 | < 7 | |
| VVOC compounds | | | | | | | |
| None determined | | | | | | | |
| TVOC | | | | < 5 | < 5 | < 7 | |
| SVOC compounds | | | | | | | |
| None determined | | | | | | | |
| TSVOC | | | | < 5 | < 5 | < 7 | |
| Carcinogens | | | | | | | |
| Total carcinogens | | | | < 1 | < 1 | < 2 | |
| Aldehydes | | | | | | | |
| Formaldehyde | 50-00-0 | | 1 | < 3 | | < 4 | 0.014 |
| Acetaldehyde | 75-07-0 | | 1 | 16 | | 20 | |
| Propionaldehyde | 123-38-6 | | 1 | < 3 | | < 4 | |
| Butyraldehyde | 123-72-8 | | 1 | < 3 | | < 4 | |
| Acrolein * | 107-02-8 | | 1 | < 5 | | < 7 | |
| 2-Butenal * | 123-73-9 | | 1 | < 5 | | < 7 | |
| Glutaraldehyde * | 111-30-8 | | 1 | < 5 | | < 7 | |
| Octanal * | 124-13-0 | | 1 | < 5 | | < 7 | |
| Nonanal * | 124-19-6 | | 1 | < 5 | | < 7 | |
| Decanal * | 112-31-2 | | 1 | < 5 | | < 7 | |
| R-values | | | | | | | 0.021 |
| TVOC | | | | 56 | 21 | 70 | |

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5.2 VOC Emission Test Results after 28 Days

| | CAS No. | Retention time [min] | ID-Cat | Specific Conc. [µg/m³] | Toluene eq. [µg/m³] | Specific SER [µg/(m²·h)] | R _D |
|-----------------------------------|----------|-------------------------|--------|---------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|----------------|
| VOC with NIK/LCI | | | | | | | |
| None determined | | | | | | | |
| VOC without NIK/LCI | | | | | | | |
| None determined | | | | | | | |
| Sum of VOC without NIK/LCI | | | | < 5 | < 5 | < 7 | |
| VVOC compounds | | | | | | | |
| None determined | | | | | | | |
| TVOC | | | | < 5 | < 5 | < 7 | |
| SVOC compounds | | | | | | | |
| None determined | | | | | | | |
| TSVOC | | | | < 5 | < 5 | < 7 | |
| Carcinogens | | | | | | | |
| Total carcinogens | | | | < 1 | < 1 | < 2 | |
| Aldehydes | | | | | | | |
| Formaldehyde | 50-00-0 | | 1 | < 3 | | < 4 | |
| Acetaldehyde | 75-07-0 | | 1 | < 3 | | < 4 | |
| Propionaldehyde | 123-38-6 | | 1 | < 3 | | < 4 | |
| Butyraldehyde | 123-72-8 | | 1 | < 3 | | < 4 | |
| Acrolein * | 107-02-8 | | 1 | < 5 | | < 7 | |
| 2-Butenal * | 123-73-9 | | 1 | < 5 | | < 7 | |
| Glutaraldehyde * | 111-30-8 | | 1 | < 5 | | < 7 | |
| Octanal * | 124-13-0 | | 1 | < 5 | | < 7 | |
| Nonanal * | 124-19-6 | | 1 | < 5 | | < 7 | |
| Decanal * | 112-31-2 | | 1 | < 5 | | < 7 | |
| R-values | | | | | | | 0 |
| TVOC | | | | < 5 | < 5 | < 7 | |

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6 Summary and Evaluation of the Results

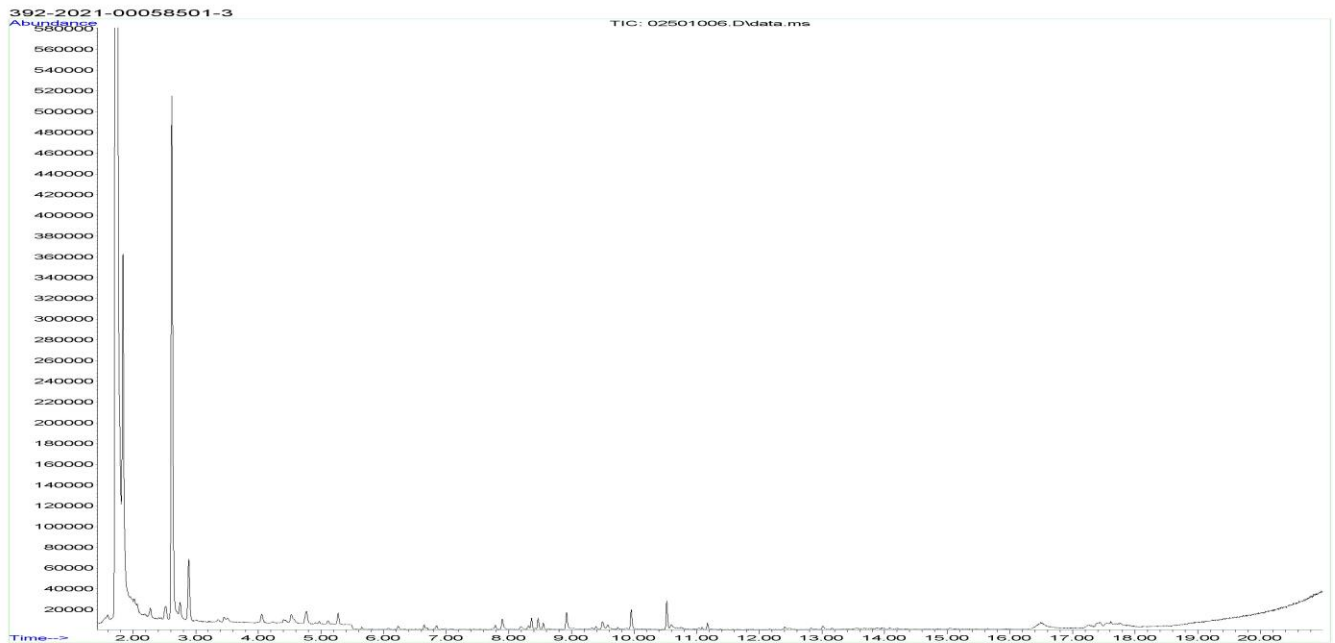
6.1 Comparison with Limit Values of EMICODE

| Parameter | Concentration $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ | EC 2 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ | EC 1 $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ | EC 1 PLUS $\mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ |
|---------------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| TVOC 3 days (EN 16516) | 21 | ≤ 3000 | ≤ 1000 | ≤ 750 |
| TVOC 28 days (EN 16516) | < 5 | ≤ 300 | ≤ 100 | ≤ 60 |
| TSVOC 28 days (EN 16516) | < 5 | ≤ 100 | ≤ 50 | ≤ 40 |
| Sum without NIK/LCI 28 days | < 5 | > 40 | | ≤ 40 |
| R-value 28 days (dimensionless) | 0 | > 1 | | ≤ 1 |
| Formaldehyde 3 days | < 3 | ≤ 50 | | |
| Acetaldehyde 3 days | 16 | ≤ 50 | | |
| Sum Formaldehyde + Acetaldehyde [ppm] | 0.0087 | ≤ 0.05 | | |
| Sum carcinogens 3 days | < 1 | ≤ 10 | | |
| Sum carcinogens 28 days | < 1 | ≤ 1 | | |

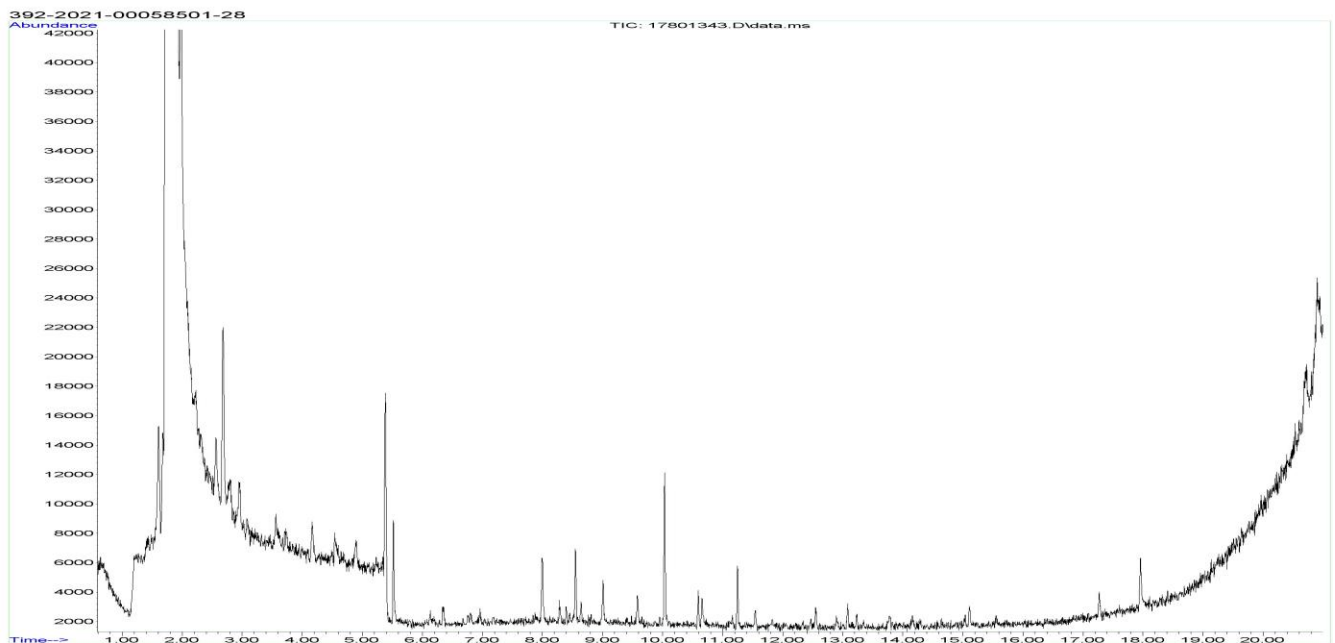
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7 Appendices

7.1 Chromatogram of VOC Emissions after 3 Days



7.2 Chromatogram of VOC Emissions after 28 Days



Please consider the different scales.

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7.3 How to Understand the Results

7.3.1 Acronyms Used in the Report

| | |
|-----|--|
| < | Means less than |
| > | Means bigger than |
| * | Not a part of our accreditation |
| α | Please see section regarding uncertainty in the Appendices |
| § | Deviation from method. Please see deviation section |
| a | The method is not optimal for very volatile compounds. For these substances smaller results and a higher measurement uncertainty cannot be ruled out |
| b | The component originates from the substrate and is thus removed |
| c | The results have been corrected by the emission from the substrate |
| d | Very polar organic compounds are not suitable for reliable quantification using Tenax TA adsorbent and HP-5ms GC column. A high degree of uncertainty must be expected |
| e | The component may be overestimated due to contribution from the system |
| SER | Specific Emission Rate |

7.3.2 Explanation of ID Category

Categories of Identity:

- 1: Identified by comparison with a mass spectrum obtained from library and supported by other information and quantified through specific calibration.
- 2: Identified by comparison with a mass spectrum obtained from library and supported by other information. Quantified as toluene equivalent.
- 3: Identified with a lower match by comparison with a mass spectrum obtained from a library. Quantified as toluene equivalent.
- 4: Not identified, quantified as toluene equivalent.

7.4 Applied LCI and NIK Values

7.4.1 LCI/NIK Values for Compounds found after 3 Day Measurements

| Compound | CAS No. | AgBB 2018 NIK [µg/m ³] |
|------------------------|----------|---------------------------------------|
| 1-Methoxy-2-propanol * | 107-98-2 | 7900 |
| n-Heptane | 142-82-5 | 15000 |
| Acetaldehyde | 75-07-0 | 1200 |

7.4.2 LCI/NIK Values for Compounds found after 28 Day Measurements

| Compound | CAS No. | AgBB 2018 NIK [µg/m ³] |
|-----------------|---------|---------------------------------------|
| None determined | - | - |

7.5 Description of VOC Emission Test

7.5.1 Test Chamber

The test chamber is made of stainless steel. A multi-step air clean-up is performed before loading the chamber, and a blank check of the empty chamber is performed.

The chamber operation parameters are as described in the test method section. (EN 16516, ISO 16000-9, internal method no.: 71M549811).

7.5.2 Expression of the Test Results

All test results are calculated as specific emission rate, and as extrapolated air concentration in the European Reference Room (EN 16516, AgBB, EMICODE, M1 and Indoor Air Comfort).

7.5.3 Testing of Carcinogenic VOCs

The emission of carcinogens (EU Categories C1A and C1B, as per European law) is tested by drawing sample air from the test chamber outlet through Tenax TA tubes after the specified duration of storage in the ventilated test chamber. Analysis is performed by ATD-GC/MS (automated thermal desorption coupled with gas chromatography and mass spectroscopy using 30 m HP-5 (slightly polar) column with 0.25 mm ID and 0.25 µm film, Agilent) (EN 16516, ISO 16000-6, internal methods no.: 71M549812 / 71M542808B).

All identified carcinogenic VOCs are listed; if a carcinogenic VOC is not listed then it has not been detected. Quantification is performed using the TIC signal and authentic response factors, or the relative response factors relative to toluene for the individual compounds.

This test only covers substances that can be adsorbed on Tenax TA and can be thermally desorbed. If other emissions occur, then these substances cannot be detected (or with limited reliability only).

7.5.4 Testing of VOC, SVOC and VVOC

The emissions of volatile organic compounds are tested by drawing sample air from the test chamber outlet through Tenax TA tubes after the specified duration of storage in the ventilated test chamber. Analysis is performed by ATD-GC/MS using HP-5 column (30 m, 0.25mm ID, 0.25µm film) (EN 16516, ISO 16000-6, internal methods no.: 71M549812 / 71M542808B).

All single substances that are listed with a LCI/NIK value in the latest publications (hereafter referred to as target compounds) are identified if present. All other appearing VOCs are identified as far as possible. Quantification of target compounds is done using the TIC signal and authentic response factors, or the relative response factors relative to toluene. For certain compound groups, which differ significantly in chemistry from toluene, quantification is performed relative to a representative member of the group for more accurate and precise results. This can include quantification of for example glycols and acids. In addition to that, all results are also expressed in toluene equivalents. All non-target compounds, as well as all non-identified substances, are quantified in toluene equivalents.

The results of the individual substances are calculated in three groups depending on their retention time when analyzing using a non-polar column (HP-1):

- Volatile Organic Compounds (VOC) are defined as: All substances eluting between and including n-hexane (n-C6) and n-hexadecane (n-C16)
- Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (SVOC) are defined as: All substances eluting after n-hexadecane (n-C16) and before and including n-docosane (n-C22)
- Very Volatile Organic Compounds (VVOC) are defined as: All substances eluting before n-hexane (n-C6).

Total Volatile Organic Compounds (TVOC) is calculated by summation of all individual VOCs with a concentration $\geq 5 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$. The TVOC can be expressed either in toluene equivalents as defined in EN 16516 and similar to ISO 16000-6, or as the sum of concentrations using specific or relative response factors. In the case of summation of concentrations using authentic or relative response factors, the toluene equivalent is applied to all non-target and non-identified VOCs before summing up. Compounds regarded as VOC in line with the above definition but elute before n-C6 or after n-C16 on the HP-5 column are treated as VOC, and are thus added to the TVOC.

Total Semi-Volatile Organic Compounds (TSVOC) is calculated by the summation of all individual SVOCs expressed in toluene equivalents with a concentration $\geq 5 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$, as defined in EN 16516. VOCs that are regarded as VOC in line with the above definition, but elute after n-C16 in this test, are not added to the TSVOC.

Total Very Volatile Organic Compounds (TVVOC) is calculated by the summation of all individual VVOCs with a concentration $\geq 5 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ and expressed in toluene equivalents. VOCs that are regarded as VOC in line with the above definition, but elute before n-C6 in this test, are not added to the TVVOC.

This test only covers substances which can be adsorbed on Tenax TA and can be thermally desorbed. If emissions of substances outside these specifications occur then these substances cannot be detected (or with limited reliability only).

7.5.5 Calculation of R Values with LCI Lists

The concentrations of detected compounds $\geq 5 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ are divided by their respective LCI/NIK value (if defined in the given publication). The sum of the quotients gives the R value, which can be mathematically expressed:

$$R = \sum_i^n \left(\frac{c_i}{\text{NIK}_i} + \dots + \frac{c_n}{\text{NIK}_n} \right)$$

This R value is calculated, depending on the purpose of this test, for the European LCI list, for the German LCI/NIK list (R_D), and/or for the Belgian LCI list (R_B).

All VOCs without published LCI/NIK value and concentration $\geq 5 \mu\text{g}/\text{m}^3$ are summed up as sum of VOCs without LCI/NIK if required by the standard or protocol.

7.5.6 Testing of Aldehydes

The presence of aldehydes is tested by drawing air samples from the test chamber outlet through DNPH-coated silicagel tubes after the specified duration of storage in the ventilated test chamber. Analysis is performed by solvent desorption and subsequently by HPLC and UV-/diode array detection.

The absence of formaldehyde and other aldehydes is stated if UV detector response at the specific wavelength is lacking at the specific retention time in the chromatogram. Otherwise it is checked whether the reporting limit is exceeded. In this case the identity is finally checked by comparing full scan sample UV spectra with full scan standard UV spectra.

7.6 Quality Assurance

Before loading the test chamber, a blank check of the empty chamber is performed and compliance with background concentrations in accordance with EN 16516 / ISO 16000-9 is determined.

Air sampling at the chamber outlet and subsequent analysis is performed in duplicate. Relative humidity, temperature and air change rate in the chambers is logged every 5 minutes and checked daily. A double determination is performed on random samples at a regular interval and results are registered in a control

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chart to ensure the uncertainty and reproducibility of the method.

The stability of the analytical system is checked by a general function test of device and column, and by use of control charts for monitoring the response of individual substances prior to each analytical sequence.

7.7 Accreditation

The testing methods described above are accredited on line with EN ISO/IEC 17025 by DANAK (no. 522). This accreditation is valid worldwide due to mutual approvals of the national accreditation bodies (ILAC/IAF, see also www.eurofins.com/galten.aspx#accreditation).

Not all parameters are covered by this accreditation. The accreditation does not cover parameters marked with an asterisk (*), however analysis of these parameters is conducted at the same level of quality as for the accredited parameters.

7.8 Uncertainty of the Test Method

The relative standard deviation of the overall analysis is 22%. The expanded uncertainty U_m equals $2 \times RSD$. For further information please visit www.eurofins.dk/uncertainty.

7.9 Decision Rules

Eurofins Product Testing A/S, declare statement of conformity based on the “Binary Statement for Simple Acceptance Rule” described in ILAC’s “Guidelines on decision Rules and Statements of Conformity” ILAC-G8:09/2019.

This means that results above the detection limit are always reported with two significant digits. Results are evaluated with the same number of significant digits as the corresponding limit values, and conformity is based on results being less than or equal to limit values.

For limit values with more than two significant digits, the third digit will be used to confirm whether a result is below or equal to the limit value. It will always be indicated in the evaluation table if this expanded evaluation is performed.

For further information please visit www.eurofins.dk/product-testing/om-os/beslutningsregler/

7.10 Version History

| Report date | Report number | Modification |
|-------------|------------------------|-----------------|
| 29/03/2021 | 392-2021-00058501_G_EN | Current version |